

According to GHS

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier Polyurethane Varnish

Other means of identification ISBC-043 (Glossy Finish), ISBC-044 (Satin Finish)

Product type Liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product Use

A premium quality urethane clear coating that enhances and protects the natural

look of wood with a durable, exceptionally mar resistant.

Supplier's details Prostar Export Paint PTY (Ltd)

268 Inanda Road, Springfield Park

Durban

Tel: +27 31 574 5376

Emergency Telephone number National Poison Centre: 0861 555 777

Section 2. Hazard identification

FLAMMABLE LIQUID - Category 3

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Classification of the Substance or Mixture ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
ACUTE TOXICITY (ORAL) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (INHALATION) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (DERMAL) - Category 4
AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2

Label elements according to UN GHS

Signal word Danger

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 - Harmful if in contact with skin.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if Inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effe

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Hazard pictograms

Hazard statements

General

Prevention

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

 $\mbox{P103}-\mbox{Read}$ carefully and follow all instructions.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection or face

protection.



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Section 2. Hazard identification

P285 - in case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

P235 + 410 - Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

P301+330+331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+361+353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304+340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P305+351+338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.

P333+317 - If skin irritation or rash occurs get medical help. P337+317 - If eye irritation persists get medical help.

P361+364 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

P370+378 - In case of fire: Use fire extinguisher.

P391 - Collect spillage. Hazardous to the aquatic environment.

P410 - Protect from sunlight.

P402+404 - Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container. Storage

P403+235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local regulation.

Other Hazards which do not result in

Classification

Response

None Identified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / mixture Mixture

ISBC-043 (Glossy Finish), ISBC-044 (Satin Finish) Other means of identification

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS Number Not Applicable

Ingredient name	CAS number	%	SANS 10234 Classification
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-82-1	10 – 15	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 5, H303 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320 Aquatic Chronic. 2, H411 Asp.Haz.1, H304 STOT - SE. 3, H335

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in theconcentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and Eye contact lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if

irritation persist.

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for Inhalation

breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.



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Section 4. First aid measures

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated skin with soap Skin contact

or a recognised skin cleaner and plenty of water. Avoid the use of solvents. Get medical attention if symptoms persist. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position Comfortable for Ingestion

breathing. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or

are severe.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma Inhalation

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin contact

Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Adverse symptoms may include pain or irritation, watering or redness. Eye contact

Adverse symptoms may include nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/ Inhalation

fatigue or dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase in

fetal deaths skeletal malformations.

Adverse symptoms may include irritation or redness, reduced fetal weight, Skin contact

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations.

Adverse symptoms may include pain or irritation, reduced fetal Weight, Ingestion

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large Notes to physician

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

No specific treatment. Specific treatments

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without Suitable training. If it **Protection of first-aiders**

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire such as dry powder, Suitable extinguishing media CO2, water spray (fog) or foam. Use fog to cool and control.

Do not use water jet. Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the

chemicals

Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this



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material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

Carbon dioxide

Carbon monoxide Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in positive pressure

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

> Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate

personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any

information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the

information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, **Environmental precautions**

drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused

environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose via a

licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.



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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safehandling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Do not reuse container.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ACGIH (US): STEL: 200 ppm TWA: 100 ppm
Pacammandad manitaring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with expenses limits, personal, workplace

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Appropriate engineering controls

No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Avoid direct contact. Never touch eyes with dirty hands or gloves. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment



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indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard

should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary.

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the

task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should

be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved

standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary e.g. in case of insufficient ventilation. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected

respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid Color Clear

Odor thresholdNo data availableMelting pointNot applicable

Boiling point 155 °C

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available
Lower and upper explosive(flammable) limits No data available

Flash point 37 °C

Auto-ignition temperatureNo data availableDecomposition temperatureNo data availablepHNot applicableViscosityApprox 55 KU

Solubility Soluble in aromatic solvents, insoluble in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Evaporation rate

Vapour pressure

Relative density

Vapour density

No data available

0.91 g/ml (typical)

No data available

No data available

No data available

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityNo specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid No data available



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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials No data available

Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
(petroleum), medium	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
aliph.	LC50 Inhalation	Rats	<20 m/l	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha	Skin - Irritation	Rabbit	<6	-	Mild irritant
(petroleum),	Eye - Irritation	Rabbit	<15	-	Moderate irritant
medium aliph.					

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target Organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Category 3	Not determined	Not determined
medium aliph.			

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

Aspiration hazard

Ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Inhalation, skin and eye contact.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if

inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion Maybe harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include pain or irritation, watering or redness.

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/ fatigue or

dizziness/vertigo.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include irritation or redness.

Ingestion May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Potential chronic health effects

General Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.



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Developmental effects Fertility effects

Acute toxicity estimates

No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute LC/EC50 8.1 mg/l	Fish - Salmon	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Acute LC/EC50 6 mg/l	Aquatic - Daphnia magna	48 hours
medidin alipii.	Acute LC/EC50 9.4 mg/l	Algae - Green algae	8 hours

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	-	<100	-

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)

No data available.

Mobility

No data available.

PBT/vPvB data

P: No data available. B: No data available. T: No data available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information Transportation - road - SANS Transportation Maritime - IMO/ Transportation- Air -10228:2012 **IMDG** IATA UN number 1263 1263 1263 **UN proper shipping name** Paint Paint Paint 3 3 Transport hazardclass(es)



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Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Environmentally hazardous	Marine pollutant	Environmentally hazardous
Additional information	No data available	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, S-E	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Ltd QTY: Quantity limitation: 10 L Packaging instructions: Y344 Cargo Aircraft Only: Quantity limitation: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366
			Limited Quantities – Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 60L Packaging instructions: 355
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code	No data available	No data available	No data available

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

Relevant information regarding authorization: Occupational Health and Safety Act 1993 Regulation for Hazardous Chemical Substances.

Relevant information regarding restrictions: None known. EU regulations: Regulation EC 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP] and EU directives 67/548/EEC or EC 1999/45/EC

Other National regulations: None. Standards used for PPE recommendations in Section 8: NIOSH-National Institute for Occupational Health and Safety (USA) EN 166- European standard which concerns the area of eye protection. EN 374-3 European standards for permeation and penetration. EN 141/EN 143 European standards for gas mixtures to remove specified gases and vapours or combined filters for removing solids, and/or liquid particles and specified gases and vapours.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of review

Date of Tevicia			
Date of review	Version	Amendments	
02/09/2024	1	GHS COMPLIANT SDS	

Date of previous issue Version:

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCP Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

Key to abbreviationsIATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973



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as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

OHSA = Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (South Africa)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN = United Nations

Supplier Safety Data Sheets.

References

Further information:

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Notice to readers:

Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and should make independent judgement of suitability of this information to ensure proper use and protect the health and safety of employees. This information is furnished without warranty, and any use of the product not in conformance with this Safety Data Sheet, or in combination with any other product or process, is the responsibility of the user.

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